

3rd Quarter Report 2023 Ending June 30, 2023





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President's Report

3rd Quarter *June 30, 2023*

Report to Shareholders



From the beginning of this fiscal year and throughout this third quarter our team has been active across all areas to ensure our portfolio retained its robust performance, to bring some major internal investing activity to a conclusion and begin to look outward again for new investment opportunities.

All of our fundamentals remain strong with our occupancy rate maintained at 97.9% and leasing activities keeping pace with anticipated renewals and turnover. Close to 100,000 square feet have been renewed or remarketed so far this year, with industry competitive rates maintained across all assets. Our ability to continue to attract and retain tenants and maintain high occupancy reflects the strength of our assets and an ongoing show of trust from our tenants. As always, this is a major measure of our success.

Our financial performance for the quarter continues to be strong, even as we have held steady on outward investing activity. Total revenue and funds from operations have been stable, and excess capital has supported our internal expansion and renewal. The value of assets under management has increased to almost \$264 million as of Q3 2023, across all income-producing properties - all providing stable cash flow to support debt repayment, ensure consistent quarterly dividends and generate funds for long-term growth.

Our major investment activity this quarter remains with our Fort McMurray Wajax property which is nearing completion on a major, onsite expansion, expected to be completed prior to the end of Q4 2023. The tenant is already occupying the first phase of the expansion with the secondary building nearing completion. We have chosen to self-finance this expansion while we assess our new interest rate environment, and our fixed price contract helped constrain costs at a time in which our industry is still feeling significant inflationary pressure. Once completed and an occupancy certificate is issued by the municipality, we will be in a position to place conventional financing in order to pay down short-term financing and begin to free up excess capital for investment.

Our other major investment for the year is the modernization of the systems in one of our older properties to support its long-term viability. Incorporating energy efficient components and contending with supply chain issues in addition to excess demands from the municipality have caused some delays on this work. However, early on in this quarter we were able to comply with all municipal requirements and our new tenant was able to obtain occupancy.

We also continue to invest to lower our ESG impacts, implementing measures across all properties to reflect our ongoing commitment to sustainability and giving back in the communities that support our Company.

Like all of our industry, we are adapting to the new interest rate environment as our weighted average interest rate continues to increase as debt is refinanced. We continue to benefit from the financial decisions we made in the low rate environment that preceded this new era, but we do see the impact to our bottom line as cash required for debt repayment has increased each quarter this year.

Still, we maintain a healthy average of 50% debt to total assets, and our overall income from operations is slightly ahead of Q3 2022 even as we absorb new costs and self-finance internal expansions. An overall lower net income is attributable to higher financing costs as well as the impact of changes in valuations of investment properties.

As we move towards our year end, we are looking to successfully bring priority projects to completion and to explore opportunities for new investment.

I offer my sincere thanks to our Management, Partners, Directors and our Shareholders who continue to support our efforts to pursue greater shareholder value. As always, I can be reached with any questions about our Company at sine@imperialequities.com.

Sincerely,

Sine Chadi

President & CEO



MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION & ANALYSIS

for the third quarter ending June 30, 2023

Imperial Equities Inc. MD&A August 16, 2023

The following Management's Discussion and Analysis ("MD&A") is intended to provide readers with an explanation of the performance of Imperial Equities Inc. ("Imperial" or "Imperial Equities" or the "Company") and its subsidiaries. This MD&A should be read in conjunction with the unaudited interim condensed consolidated financial statements for the three and nine months ended June 30, 2023, and the related notes, as well as the audited consolidated financial statements and MD&A for the years ended September 30, 2022 and 2021. Unless otherwise noted, all amounts in this MD&A are reported in Canadian dollars. Imperial Equities Inc. trades on the TSX Venture Exchange under the symbol "IEI". Additional information on the Company may be obtained by visiting www.sedar.com.

Responsibility of Management and the Board of Directors

Management is responsible for the information disclosed in the MD&A and is also responsible to ensure that appropriate procedures and controls exist internally that will provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of the Company's financial reporting and its compliance with International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRS"). In addition, the Company's Audit Committee and Board of Directors provide an oversight role for all public financial disclosures by the Company and have reviewed and approved this MD&A and the accompanying interim condensed consolidated financial statements.

Forward-Looking Information

In this MD&A, Management may talk about the current economy and express opinions on future market conditions. This forward-looking information is based on Management's current assessments based on internal expertise as well as the opinions of other professionals in this industry. While Management may consider these statements to be reasonably optimistic and favourable, the opinions and estimates of future trends are subject to risk and uncertainties. Readers are encouraged to read the risk factors identified in the MD&A for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2022. Any forward-looking statements in this MD&A should not be relied upon as facts, as actual results may differ from estimates.

Non-IFRS Financial Measures

Throughout the MD&A, Management will use measures that do not have any standardized meaning prescribed by IFRS and may not be comparable to similar calculations presented by other issuers. These measures include funds available for property improvements and growth, debt, unencumbered properties, operating expense recoveries, and debt to asset ratios. Different issuers may use the same term(s) to refer to different calculations or may vary the definitions of a particular term from one year to another. Securities regulators require that companies caution readers that earnings and other measures adjusted to a basis other than IFRS do not have standardized meanings and are unlikely to be comparable to similar measures used by other companies.

Business Overview

Based in Edmonton, Alberta, Imperial Equities is a publicly traded company anchored by industrial, agricultural, and commercial properties in its targeted markets throughout Western Canada.

Annually, since operations began in 1998, Imperial Equities has achieved solid growth. The Board of Directors along with corporate Management are all vigorously and enthusiastically committed to the continued growth of the Company.

Strategic Direction

Imperial's team of professionals is dedicated and motivated to grow its real estate portfolio and earn value for its shareholders. The Company is focused on the real estate market throughout western Canada and is committed to continue building a strong portfolio of investment properties, through careful, strategic movement. The Company is diligent in working towards meeting its strategic goals and objectives. For details about the Company's strategic goals and objectives, refer to the MD&A for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2022.

Key Performance Drivers

Imperial Equities continues to engage a dedicated team of professionals to manage and oversee business activities. There is a strong Board of Directors with significant real estate experience to guide and assess the Company's strategy and investment decisions. The dedication and professional experience of Imperial's Management team has helped the Company achieve positive earnings every year the Company has been in business.

Management monitors the success of Imperial by measuring how well the Company delivers on its strategies and executes due diligence. This assessment includes the size of the tenant, the length of time they have been in business, their operations, and exposure to the industry in which they operate. All the performance drivers used by the Company are consistent with those outlined in MD&A for the year ended September 30, 2022.

Key Performance Indicators

Investment Properties	Nine months ended June 30, 2023	Year ended September 30, 2022
Total number of investment properties	42	42
Property acquisitions during the period	-	2
Property dispositions during the period	-	1
Raw land properties held for future development	9	9
Raw land properties under lease with tenants	5	4
Gross leasable area (GLA) in square feet	1,092,632	1,084,003
Property under development nearing completion	25,200	-
Leasing Activities by Gross Leasable Area (GLA)		
Lease retention	36,982	56,519
New tenant leases	59,553	98,316
GLA of leases expiring within twelve months	153,669	105,504
Space available for lease	23,267	23,267
Average lease term to maturity in years	4.85	4.83
Building occupancy	97.9%	97.9%
Property Operations		
% operating expense recoveries	79%	82%
Income from operations	\$ 10,034,454	\$ 13,458,786
Investment property improvements	\$ 3,819,336	\$ 5,205,210
Financing		
Debt to total assets ratio	50%	51%
Weighted average interest rates on mortgages	3.41%	3.23%

Investment Properties

Raw Land in Alberta

Available for development

- 12.90 acres Strathcona County, AB
- 2.24 acres NW Edmonton, AB
- 49.42 acres Hanna, AB
- 0.91 acres Edmonton, AB

Under lease with tenants

- 1.49 acres SE Edmonton, AB
- 2.00 acres NW Edmonton, AB
- 3.00 acres NW Edmonton, AB
- 1.70 acres SE Edmonton, AB
- 1.71 Acres SE Edmonton, AB

Gross leasable area (GLA)

at June 30, 2023 is 1,092,632 ft² which includes 8,000 ft² of property under development at September 30, 2022 which was completed and occupied in Q2 2023.

Property Portfolio - GLA by Municipality (square feet)

Edmonton		786,856
Fort McMurray		59,424
Red Deer		78,196
Leduc		41,630
Nisku		37,200
Vegreville		33,295
Hanna	1	28,891
Fort Saskatchewan	I	6,000
Fort St. John		21,140

Leasing Activities

Performance drivers of the Company include ensuring a low turnover of tenants through lease retentions and maintaining high occupancy.

The risk to the Company when a tenant does not renew a lease is that the Company has to absorb the ongoing operating costs of vacant space. These costs include property taxes, insurance, utilities, and any maintenance items. If a single-tenant building becomes vacant, additional vacancy costs could include mortgage payments, if applicable. Management works closely with tenants to maintain high retention rates, primarily through responsive and pro-active property management, which ensures their leased space in the building, and the exterior parking lot and landscaping, are all well maintained.

This work helps the Company meet its main goal of maximizing the revenue of each asset in its region.

Lease Retention

for the nine months ended June 30, 2023

		Expiring	Renewal	Renewal Term
Location	GLA	Rate (PSF*)	Rate (PSF*)	(months)
Edmonton, AB	3,000	\$ 12.00	\$ 12.00	60
Edmonton, AB	24,855	\$ 9.00	\$ 9.00	60
Fort Saskatchewan, AB	6,000	\$ 38.32	\$ 42.15	60
Edmonton, AB	3,127	\$ 14.25	\$ 12.15	60
* per square foot	36,982			

New Tenant Leases

for the nine months ended June 30, 2023

		Lease Term				
Location	GLA	Rate (PSF*)	(months)			
Fort McMurray, AB	8,000	\$ 31.88	186			
Edmonton, AB	51,553	\$ 8.25	60			
* per square foot	59,553					

GLA of leases expiring in the next twelve months

In the twelve months subsequent to June 30, 2023, there are an additional 153,669 ft 2 of leases expiring. Subsequent to Q3 2023, the Company renewed leases for 10,758 ft 2 and is in the final stages of negotiating renewals and new leases on an additional 43,396 ft 2 . The Company will work with the existing tenants to renew the leases as they come up for renewal.

Space available for lease at June 30, 2023, unchanged from September 30, 2022

- 4,160 ft² in a multi-tenant mixed-use building
- 19,107 ft² in a single-tenant building

Subsequent to Q3 2023, the Company finalized a new lease for 11,988 ft2 of the available space for lease.

Lease Terms

at June 30, 2023

(Maturity year by fiscal year ended September 30)

Single-Tenant Buildings				
Square Feet	Maturity Year			
3,097	Month to Month			
58,393	2023			
119,830	2024			
59,695	2026			
81,111	2027			
249,038	2028			
78,254	2030			
118,305	2031			
34,404	2033			
34,800	2034			
33,024	2038			
28,891	2039			

Multi-Tenant Buildings				
Square Feet	Maturity Year			
10,758	2023			
21,127	2024			
48,419	2025			
14,484	2026			
19,649	2027			
6,127	2028			
11,944	2030			
38,015	2031			
170,523				

Average lease term to maturity
4.85 years

Total GLA			
of in-place leases			
1,069,365			

898,842

GLA available for lease 23,267

Total GLA at June 30, 2023 1,092,632

Average Annual Lease Rates per City, per square foot *at June 30*

	2023	2022
Edmonton, Alberta	\$ 11.31	\$ 9.93
Red Deer, Alberta*	\$ 22.43	\$ 22.75
Fort Saskatchewan, Alberta*	\$ 38.32	\$ 38.32
Fort McMurray, Alberta	\$ 42.34	\$ 44.31
Leduc, Alberta	\$ 17.66	\$ 17.66
Hanna, Alberta	\$ 19.75	\$ 19.55
Nisku, Alberta	\$ 13.39	\$ 13.26
Vegreville, Alberta	\$ 7.18	\$ 7.18
Fort St. John, British Columbia	\$ 14.75	\$ 14.75

^{*}Leases include a large land component which skews the average rate per square foot

	Three mon	ths ended	Nine months ended	
Property Operations	June 30, June 30, 2022		June 30, 2023	June 30, 2022
Property tax and insurance recoveries	\$ 902,307	\$ 714,684	\$ 2,357,943	\$ 2,146,691
Operating expense recoveries	280,793	492,612	1,180,044	1,161,064
Total recoveries	\$1,183,100	\$1,207,296	\$ 3,537,987	\$3,307,755
Total property operating expenses	\$ 1,522,645	\$ 1,402,726	\$ 4,476,486	\$ 4,232,120
% of property operating expense recoveries	78%	86%	79%	78%

Property taxes, insurance, and operating expenses are budgeted annually and reconciled every 12 months on a tenant-by-tenant basis. All the Company's leases, except one, are triple net leases, which allows the landlord to recover all operating costs except for any structural repairs. In addition, Management decides how to treat the recovery from the tenant of expenses related to large maintenance items, so as not to impose hardship on the tenant's operations or cause large year over year cost fluctuations. In some cases, Management will amortize the expenditures over a year within the tenant's lease term. Some leases have lower management fees than other leases dependent upon the responsibility of performing maintenance remaining with the tenant or the landlord. Because of these variations, and because the landlord does invest in its structural assets, there will always be a percentage of operating expenses not recovered by the landlord in the current year. Historical optimal recovery percentages will be in the range of 80%-86%.

The recovery percentage at the fiscal year end of September 30, 2022, was 82%. In the nine months ended June 30, 2023 there were additional costs to bring two single-tenant buildings to leasable condition subsequent to their lease expiries. This also occurred in the comparative nine- month period ended June 30, 2022 resulting in similar recovery percentages in the current and prior nine-month periods. In the three months ended June 30, 2022, a mid-year reconciliation between budgeted and actual operating costs resulted in additional billings being recorded in the three-month period compared to the current year. Additionally, in the three-month period ended June 30, 2023, recoveries were adjusted to reverse

an accrual related to a large tenant expense as an agreement was reached with the tenant to amortize the recovery of the expense over the remaining term of the lease.

Recovery percentages may vary each period depending on property taxes, utilities, snow removal, lawn care, and other seasonal expenditures. Management ensures operating expense recoveries are accurately recorded, recovered, and budgeted for the subsequent year.

Income from operations is a measure of funds available to service the debt repayments on financing, provide cash for capital expenditures on the properties, and fund further growth.

	Three months ended		Nine months ended	
	June 30, 2023	June 30, 2022	June 30, 2023	June 30, 2022
Income from operations	\$ 3,672,994	\$ 3,355,832	\$ 10,034,454	\$10,062,973
Less: Interest on financing*	1,306,861	1,081,776	3,802,897	3,143,652
Less: Principal instalments on mortgages	1,901,114	1,867,162	5,667,800	5,420,437
Funds available for property improvements and growth	\$ 465,019	\$ 406,894	\$ 563,757	\$ 1,498,884

^{*} Interest on financing includes capitalized interest if any and excludes interest income, interest on the lease liability and amortization of deferred finance fees. Increased interest expense this year is a result of a higher balance of debt relating to other financing and bank operating facilities.

The Company continues to generate funds available for capital projects as well as future growth. In the three and nine months ended June 30, 2023, the Company incurred higher interest costs related to increased financing used for property construction undertaken in the period. The Company, working closely with third-party contractors, continues to ensure all properties are well-maintained in terms of maintenance, electrical, mechanical, structural, and cosmetic (which includes exterior maintenance of the buildings through painting, landscaping, parking lot striping, etc.). In addition, the Company undertook several upgrade projects in the last twelve months that will improve the energy efficiency of some of the properties.

Investment in Property Improvements	Three mon	ths ended	Nine mon	ths ended
	June 30, 2023	June 30, 2022	June 30, 2023	June 30, 2022
Total property improvements	\$ 775,779	\$ 1,490,723	\$ 3,819,336	\$ 2,014,253

During the year ended September 30, 2022 the Company entered into a construction contract to build an additional 33,200 ft² of industrial space for one of its investment properties in Fort McMurray, Alberta. The total budgeted cost is \$8,600,000. At December 31, 2022 Phase 1 of the project totalling 8,000 ft² was completed and occupied by the tenant. At June 30, 2023, the remaining 25,200 ft² is approximately 91% complete and scheduled to be occupied in Q4 2023. The fluctuations in property improvement costs compared to prior periods relate primarily to the timing of construction and related billings on this project.

The Company continues its efforts to replace all interior and exterior light fixtures throughout the portfolio with new energy-efficient LED lighting. Also, energy-efficient heating, ventilating, and air conditioning units have been installed in several properties to replace outdated components and equipment. The impact of these improvements is the reduction of the operating costs to the tenants and the promotion of a greener environment through reduced emissions.

The Company's hands-on approach to maintaining its properties results in very high tenant retention with little turnover and shows a firm commitment by the Company to promote pride of ownership, which in turn attracts new prospective tenants, and possible future build-to-suit opportunities.

Financing

Management considers the ratio of debt to total assets to be useful for evaluating the leverage the Company may have on its investment properties, assessing its debt position, and considering additional financing opportunities if any.

The Company continues to enjoy a good relationship with its lenders and has been able to renew mortgages as they come due and place new conventional financing on acquisitions. Unencumbered properties at June 30, 2023 have fair values of \$23,038,518 (September 30, 2022 - \$23,138,518).

	As at June 30, 2023	As at September 30, 2022
Total assets	\$ 263,916,518	\$ 257,175,623
Mortgages excluding transaction fees	102,575,130	108,242,930
Other financing	5,025,000	3,000,000
Bank operating facilities	25,337,105	18,883,408
Debt	\$ 132,937,235	\$ 130,126,338
Ratio of debt to assets	50%	51%

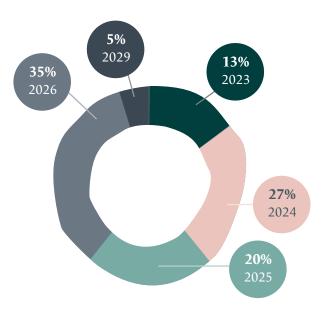
Weighted average interest rates on the mortgages is 3.41% at June 30, 2023. During the twelve months subsequent to June 30, 2023, there are eight mortgages up for renewal.

Mortgage Maturities (Calendar Years)

The following table details the mortgage activity during the nine months ended June 30, 2023.

All mortgages are secured by a first charge over the related investment property and a general assignment of rents, insurance, and site-specific goods and chattel paper.

The Company's two bank operating facilities are secured with specific revenue-producing properties and one operating facility has a general security agreement covering a first position on all present and after acquired property until two temporary increases in the facility expire on August 17, 2023.



Maturity Date	Rate	Principal Balance September 30, 2022	Mortgages Advanced/ Assumed	Y-T-D Principal Payments	Principal Paid on Maturity	Principal Balance June 30, 2023
July 1, 2023	P + .95	\$ 1,595,085	\$ -	\$ 123,223	\$ -	\$ 1,471,862
October 1, 2023	3.950%	143,163	-	98,465	-	44,698
October 1, 2023	4.090%	5,004,237	-	272,433	-	4,731,804
November 1, 2023	4.330%	3,448,623	-	183,557	-	3,265,066
December 1, 2023	4.648%	4,133,419	-	214,117	-	3,919,302
January 1, 2024	4.300%	1,874,009	-	142,791	-	1,731,218
January 1, 2024	4.300%	1,487,309	_	113,327	_	1,373,982
April 1, 2024	2.110%	3,796,429	-	183,090	-	3,613,339
August 1, 2024	3.300%	8,491,306	_	442,361	_	8,048,945
November 1, 2024	3.555%	7,550,033	-	377,722	-	7,172,311
*December 1, 2024	6.073%	3,034,362	_	171,581	_	2,862,781
*December 1, 2024	6.073%	2,756,884	-	155,888	-	2,600,996
*February 1, 2025	5.720%	1,671,265	_	95,652	_	1,575,613
February 1, 2025	3.420%	4,311,765	-	38,213	-	4,273,552
February 1, 2025	3.310%	4,589,983	_	490,352	_	4,099,631
*April 1, 2025	2.310%	4,565,410	-	236,714	-	4,328,696
April 1, 2025	5.290%	3,269,384	_	152,791	_	3,116,593
August 1, 2025	2.837%	3,540,220	-	172,238	-	3,367,982
April 1, 2026	2.675%	2,404,956	_	166,923	_	2,238,033
July 1, 2026	2.710%	5,522,655	-	250,619	-	5,272,036
July 1, 2026	2.710%	10,553,887	_	478,938	_	10,074,949
October 1, 2026	2.940%	9,031,037	-	393,140	-	8,637,897
November 1, 2026	2.930%	10,506,586	_	454,414	_	10,052,172
June 11, 2029	3.480%	4,960,923	-	259,251	-	4,701,672
		\$ 108,242,930	\$ -	\$ 5,667,800	\$ -	\$ 102,575,130

^{*} Mortgages that were renewed during the nine months ended June 30, 2023

Activity During the Period

Property under development in Fort McMurray, Alberta is nearing the final stages of completion. The current tenant is occupying 8,000 ft² of the total project build and the remaining 25,200 ft² is approximately 91% complete. This multinational tenant has signed a lease agreement encompassing the entire leased space with an expiry date in 2038.

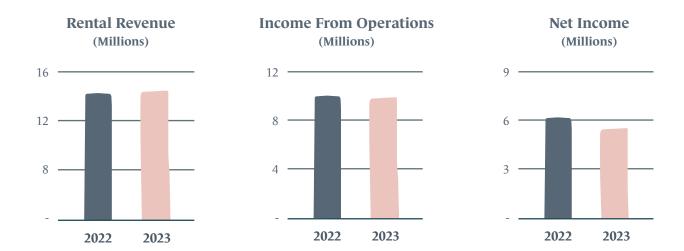
During the nine months ended June 30, 2023, the Company completed two large redevelopment projects for two properties resulting in new tenants taking occupancy and rent commencing in Q2 and Q3 2023.

During the nine months ended June 30, 2023 the Company renewed four leases and signed a new lease with an existing tenant to add increased square footage.

Results of Operations

Condensed consolidated income statement (in 000's)	Three mon	ths ended	Nine months ended			
	June 30, 2023	June 30, 2022	June 30, 2023	June 30, 2022		
Rental revenue	\$ 5,196	\$ 4,759	\$ 14,511	\$ 14,295		
Property operating expenses	(1,523)	(1,403)	(4,476)	(4,232)		
Income from Operations	3,673	3,356	10,035	10,063		
Finance costs	(1,246)	(1,116)	(3,682)	(3,214)		
Administration and amortization expenses	(484)	(470)	(1,434)	(1,469)		
Valuation net gains from investment property	(354)	866	2,047	1,840		
Income before income tax	1,589	2,636	6,966	7,220		
Income tax expense	(299)	(338)	(1,278)	(1,015)		
Net income and comprehensive income	\$ 1,290	\$ 2,298	\$ 5,688	\$ 6,205		
Earnings per share basic and diluted	\$ 0.14	\$ 0.24	\$ 0.60	\$ 0.66		

The following charts compare the nine months ended June 30, 2023 to the nine months ended June 30, 2022.



Rental revenue is higher in the three and nine-month periods ended June 30, 2023 compared to the same periods in the prior year primarily due to increased property tax, insurance and operating cost recoveries. These increases are related to increases in the cost of property taxes, insurance and operating costs being incurred and billed to tenants. Additionally, in Q3 an adjustment to record additional straight line rental income was recorded related to the commencement of a lease.

Income from operations is \$3,672,994 and \$10,034,454 for the three and nine-months ended June 30, 2023 respectively compared to \$3,355,832 and \$10,062,973 in the same periods for the prior year. The increase in the three-month period is primarily due to the increases in rental revenue noted above. In the nine- month period the decrease is due to fluctuations in timing of non-recoverable costs related to renovations on vacant space that was completed and occupied in Q2 and Q3 2023.

Net income is lower for the three and nine months ended June 30, 2023 compared to the same periods in the prior year due to primarily to increased financing costs related to higher balances on the operating line of credit, as well as the impact of the valuation net gains (losses) from investment property. The most significant valuation net gains in the nine months ended June 30, 2023 were for the property under construction in Fort McMurray, Alberta where the initial phase of 8000 ft² was completed and occupied in Q2 2023, and the remaining property expansion is closer to completion. These gains were offset by a valuation loss recognized in Q3 on a property with a tenant vacancy subsequent to period-end.

Finance costs include interest on financing and amortization of deferred finance fees and are net of interest income. Finance costs related to the project in Fort McMurray are capitalized until the project is complete and ready for occupancy. Finance costs have increased from the prior year because of increases in bank operating facilities and debt from related party financing.

Fair Market Value of Investment Properties (Millions)



Increases in the fair value of investment properties at June 30, 2023 compared to September 30, 2022 in the amount of \$6.0 million is largely due to valuation net gains and property improvements.

Valuation net gains from investment property are the result of valuing the properties at current fair market values at each reporting date. Values are determined by Management using an income approach, where net operating income is estimated based on the actual annual contracted minimum rental revenue, less a vacancy and structural reserve allowance, and a capitalization rate is applied to this normalized operating income to derive a fair value. Capitalization rates are used to estimate fair market value and consider many factors, including but not limited to: location, size of land, site coverage, strength of the tenant, term of the lease, lease rate, age of the building, size of the building, construction of the building and any unique features of the building. Given that not all industrial properties are the same, Management applies these factors to each property in determining a capitalization rate.

Lower capitalization rates are applied to the Company's Class A buildings that have strong tenants and long-term leases and are typically newer construction. Higher capitalization rates are applied to the Company's older buildings and take into consideration whether the property is multi-tenanted, the condition of the building, the strength of the tenants, the site coverage, and the location of the property.

At each reporting date, this calculation method is performed on all the investment properties except for vacant land and land under lease. Vacant land held for development is valued using market comparison based on Management's research of similar vacant lands that have been sold recently or are available for sale. Land under lease with tenants is valued at the fair value of similar vacant land in the area.

The Company continues to increase its investment property portfolio each year by acquiring properties with a view towards capital appreciation. Affecting operations for each quarter are the fair valuations of investment properties.

Net valuation gains (losses) per quarter:

2023	2023	2023	2022	2022	2022	2022	2021
Q3	Q2	Q1	Q4	Q3	Q2	Q1	Q4
\$ (357,077)	\$ 204,436	\$ 2,197,038	\$ 667,538	\$ 866,337	\$ 379,994	\$ 594,100	\$ (714,103)

When valuing the investment properties at fair value, all other inputs being equal, an increase in property revenue for the ensuing twelve months will have a positive impact on the fair values and a decrease in revenue will have a negative impact. When interest rates are low, investors are more likely to expand their portfolios, creating a healthy, competitive environment in which to acquire property, which will keep the cap rates very competitive. Management marginally increases the cap rates on some of the properties where the Company believes property values and lease rates have decreased as a result of a lower demand and owners eager to lease up vacant buildings. Some properties' cap rates were increased to maintain existing values, despite increased contracted revenue streams which would otherwise drive the value upwards.

During the nine-month period ended June 30, 2023, increases in the fair value of properties reflect income generated by properties that were previously vacant, income from new leases, and the increased percentage complete of the building project in Fort McMurray, AB. There has been no significant change in the cap rates.

Investment Property Cap Rates	June	30, 2023		September 30, 2022		
Location	Total GLA sf	Range Cap Rates	Rate Change	Total GLA sf	Range Cap Rates	
Edmonton, Alberta	763,589	4.50% - 7.00%	+	762,960	4.50% - 7.00%	
Red Deer, Alberta	78,196	6.10% - 6.65%	+	78,196	6.10% - 6.63%	
Fort Saskatchewan, Alberta	6,000	6.75%	•	6,000	6.51%	
Fort McMurray, Alberta	59,424	6.23% - 6.75%	+	51,424	6.23% - 6.70%	
Leduc, Alberta	41,630	6.50%	+	41,630	6.50%	
Vegreville, Alberta	33,295	8.00%	+	33,295	8.00%	
Nisku, Alberta	37,200	6.50%	↔	37,200	6.50%	
Hanna, Alberta	28,891	7.00%	+	28,891	7.00%	
Fort St. John, British Columbia	21,140	8.50%	+	21,140	8.50%	
	1,069,365			1,060,736		
Available for lease, Edmonton AB	23,267			23,267		
Total GLA square feet	1,092,632			1,084,003		

Changes in Cash Flows

Cash provided by operating activities for the three and nine months ended June 30, 2023 was \$718,150 and \$7,458,070 respectively (June 30, 2022 – \$8,014,561 and \$195,438). The Company continues to generate positive cash from operations each quarter to cover day-to-day expenditures and provide reserves for future opportunities. The change in operating cash was primarily driven by changes in operating working capital including increases in prepaids for property taxes and decreases in income tax payable and accounts payable compared to the prior periods.

Cash used in investing activities for the three and nine months ended June 30, 2023 was \$1,316,807 and \$5,791,394 (June 30, 2022 – \$453,343 and \$961,323). Changes in cash used in investing activities is primarily driven by the timing of cash payments for property improvements, including property under development, which can fluctuate period to period depending on projects that are undertaken. Additionally, the nine months ended June 30, 2022 also included cash inflows mortgage receivable that reduced the overall cash used.

Net cash provided by (used in) financing activities was a cash inflow of \$789,327 for the three months ended June 30, 2023 (2022 - \$1,203,859) and an outflow of \$1,262,539 (2022 - \$5,617,411) for the year to date. Changes in cash provided by (used in) financing activities are driven by the timing of funds received from mortgages, and other financing, as well as the timing of draws or repayments on the bank operating facilities. During the nine months ended June 30, 2023, there has been increased cash requirements related to the property expansion in Fort McMurray, resulting in increased draws on the bank operating facilities and other financing. Additionally, higher balances for bank operating facilities and other financing have increased finance costs. In the prior period, proceeds from new mortgages were used to repay other financing and the bank operating facilities to reduce interest costs.

At June 30, 2023, there was a net increase in cash of \$232,998 compared to September 30, 2022.

Changes in Financial Position

Investment properties include the fair value of the properties at the reporting date as valued by Management, including the unamortized balance of straight-line rent receivables, the unamortized balance of deferred leasing costs and the unamortized balance of tenant inducements if any. Changes since the fiscal year-end of September 30, 2022, are detailed below.

	Income Producing Properties	Properties Under Development	Held for Development	Total Investment Properties
Balance, September 30, 2022	\$ 235,674,148	\$ 5,520,242	\$ 12,401,992	\$ 253,596,382
Reclassification of land held for development	(1,000,000)	-	1,000,000	-
Additions:				
Property improvements and additions	1,951,695	1,867,641	-	3,819,336
Capitalized property taxes and other	-	-	165,838	165,838
Tenant inducements	269,501	-	-	269,501
Leasing commissions	376,727	-	-	376,727
Amortization of tenant inducements	(217,769)	-	-	(217,769)
Amortization of deferred leasing commissions	(361,808)	-	-	(361,808)
Change in straight-line rental revenue	(77,319)	-	-	(77,319)
Revaluation gains (losses) net	771,889	1,541,303	(265,795)	2,047,397
Balance, June 30, 2023	\$ 237,387,064	\$ 8,929,186	\$ 13,302,035	\$ 259,618,285

Property improvements and additions include structural improvements and additions to the Company's property under development. Leasing commissions were paid for lease renewals and new leases signed during the period.

Receivables decreased by \$180,257 since the year end with collection of occupancy cost reconciliations performed for the fiscal year ended September 30.

Prepaid expenses and deposits increased by \$632,249 since the year end with the annual payment of property taxes and insurance in Q3.

Current portion of mortgages have increased by \$6,898,393 because there are eight mortgages up for renewal in the next twelve months.

Other financing increased by \$2,025,000 and was received from related parties during the current period to assist with the ongoing property under development in Fort McMurray, AB.

Bank operating facilities at June 30, 2023 have a balance of \$25,337,105 with two of the Company's major lenders (September 30, 2022 - \$18,883,408). The limit on one of the facilities was increased by \$2 million during Q1 2023. The second facility received temporary increases totalling \$4 million which expire August 17, 2023.

	June 30, 2023	S	eptember 30, 2022
Bank credit facility limits	\$ 25,500,000	\$	19,500,000
Amounts drawn on facilities	(25,337,105)		(18,883,408)
Available credit facilities	\$ 162,895	\$	616,592

At June 30, 2023 the Company was in compliance with all loan covenants and requirements. Further details on the terms of the facilities are disclosed in Note 6 of the interim condensed consolidated financial statements.

Summary of Consolidated Quarterly Results

	1)23)3)23 Q2		2023 Q1		022 Q4		022 Q3		2022 Q2	2	2022 Q1		2021 Q4
Revenue	\$ 5,1	95,639	\$ 4,6.	50,934	\$ 4,0	664,367	\$ 4,7	72,001	\$ 4,7	758,558	\$ 4,	653,262	\$ 4,	883,273	\$ 4	1,860,652
Total Comprehensive Income	\$ 1,2	89,227	\$ 1,3	21,039	\$ 3,0	076,874	\$ 1,6	48,262	\$ 2,2	298,470	\$ 1,	910,113	\$ 1,	996,828	\$	870,558
EPS-Basic	\$	0.14	\$	0.14	\$	0.33	\$	0.17	\$	0.24	\$	0.20	\$	0.21	\$	0.09
EPS-Diluted	\$	0.14	\$	0.14	\$	0.33	\$	0.17	\$	0.24	\$	0.20	\$	0.21	\$	0.09

Quarterly Changes in Revenue

At Q2 2022 the Company was fully tenanted in two buildings that subsequently were vacated. Revenue was still earned until the vacancies at which date the Company commenced substantial property improvements to suit new tenants. Tenant rent commenced in Q2 2023 for one of the tenants, and in Q3 2023 for the second tenant.

The increase in revenue in Q3 2023 compared to Q2 2023 includes the recognition of straight-line rent receivable related to the new tenant that commenced leasing in Q3 2023, as well as increased recovery revenue for property taxes, insurance and operating costs.

The decrease in revenue in Q1 2023 compared to Q4 2022 is related to operating cost recovery increases at each fourth quarter when reconciliation of actual to budgeted operating costs are completed and final invoices for operating costs are issued for the year.

Fluctuations in revenue quarter-to-quarter will often be the result of one or more of the following:

- Revenue generated from new leases
- Amortization of tenant inducements
- Increases due to the reconciliation of operating costs to budget at each Q4
- Changes in straight-line revenue due to lease renewals, new leases, and rent deferrals

The Company reports straight-line revenue therefore, typically, quarterly changes in revenue are not material until new tenants begin paying rent.

Quarterly Changes in Total Comprehensive Income and Earnings (Loss) Per Share (Basic And Diluted)

The significant fluctuations in total comprehensive income are largely caused by the revaluations of the investment properties as noted above.

In Q1 2023, and Q3 2022 the valuation gains were larger than in other quarters which increased earnings per share. In Q3 2023 and Q4 2021 there were losses on valuation, which reduced the earnings per share amounts.

Net valuation gains (losses) per quarter:

2023	2023	2023	2022	2022	2022	2022	2021
Q3	Q2	Q1	Q4	Q3	Q2	Q1	Q4
\$ (357,077)	\$ 204,436	\$2,197,038	\$ 667,538	\$866,337	\$ 379,994	\$ 594,100	\$ (714,103)

In Q1 2023 there were gains on the property under development in Fort McMurray, AB and gains from new leases on renovated properties in Edmonton, AB. Large increases in the fair value of properties in a quarter primarily reflect increases in income generated by properties that were previously vacant. In Q3 2023, there was a reduction in the fair value recorded on a property where a tenant vacated shortly after period end at the expiry of their lease, which offset fair value gains on the property under development in Fort McMurray due to further completion of construction, and gains on a property where a tenant commenced leasing in the quarter.

The net decrease in valuations in Q4 of 2021 resulted from write downs of two properties where existing tenants renewed their leases at lower lease rates.

While some properties have increases in the contracted revenue stream, which increases the value when applying a capitalization ("cap") rate, the Company has chosen to keep the values the same on some of the properties by adjusting the cap rates upward. Most of the values are adjusted slightly upward to offset the amortization of deferred charges, which includes straight-line rent, leasing fees, and tenant inducements if any.

The fluctuations in earnings per share figures are directly related to the operational activities described herein. There have been no significant changes to the outstanding shares in the last eight quarters.

Outstanding Share Data

The Company is authorized to issue an unlimited number of common shares. Total issued and outstanding shares at August 16, 2023 are 9,451,242 and are unchanged from the fiscal year end.

There are currently no options outstanding.

Dividends

Dividend distribution is determined by the Board of Directors after evaluating the earnings of the Company and the overall outlook for the economy. Dividends are declared and paid based on the common shares owned at the record date. Shareholders are cautioned that past issuance of dividends by the Company does not guarantee that future dividends will be issued.

The Company paid a total of \$567,075 in dividends to its shareholders during the nine months ended June 30, 2023 representing \$0.02 per share.

Related Party Transactions

Paid to Companies Owned or Controlled by a Director, Majority Shareholder, and Officer

Property management and maintenance fees for the nine months ended June 30, 2023 of \$1,030,172 (nine months ended June 30, 2022 - \$952,846) were paid to Sable Realty & Management Ltd. ("Sable"), a company controlled by Sine Chadi, a director and officer of the Company.

Leasing fees for the nine months ended June 30, 2023 of \$91,975 (nine months ended June 30, 2022 – \$68,627) were paid to North American Realty Corp. ("NARC"), a company controlled by Sine Chadi.

Acquisition fees paid to NARC for the nine months ended June 30, 2022 were \$nil (nine months ended June 30, 2022 - \$22,500).

Leased office space and parking for the nine-months ended June 30, 2023 of \$135,000 was paid to Sable and is unchanged from the same period in the prior year.

Consulting fees paid to Sable for the nine-months ended June 30, 2023 were \$nil (nine months ended June 30, 2022 - \$1,800).

Rent for the nine months ended June 30, 2023 of \$71,192 was collected from Sable for commercial lease space and was unchanged from the same period in the prior year.

Contracts with Sable and NARC have been in place since 1999 with no changes to the terms. They can be viewed on-line at <www.sedar.com>. These contracts and the associated fees and rates are reviewed quarterly by the Company's Board of Directors.

The above transactions took place at amounts which, in Management's opinion, approximate normal commercial rates and terms and occurred in the normal course of operations. The transactions have been recorded at the exchange amount.

Paid to directors

Directors' fees paid for attending directors' meetings during the nine months ended June 30, 2023 were \$37,500 (nine months ended June 30, 2022 - \$27,500). The fees paid are measured at the exchange amount established and agreed to by the related parties. These transactions occurred in the normal course of operations.

Compensation to Key Management Personnel

The Company's key Management personnel include President and Chief Executive Officer, Sine Chadi, who is also a director and significant shareholder of the Company, Ajay Juneja, the Vice President of Corporate Services, and Meghan DeRoo McConnan, the interim Chief Financial Officer. In the prior period, key management included the Company's former Chief Operating Officer, and the Company's Chief Financial Officer, Azza Osman.

The Company announced the appointment of the interim CFO on May 25, 2023. The Company announced the departure of its COO effective July 15, 2022.

Compensation paid to key management personnel for the period is as follows:

	Three mon	ths ended	Nine months ended				
	June 30, 2023	June 30, 2022	June 30, 2023	June 30, 2022			
President and Chief Executive Officer	\$ 75,000	\$ 75,000	\$ 225,000	\$ 225,000			
Vice President of Corporate Services	32,933	-	32,933	-			
Chief Financial Officer	19,425	-	19,425	-			
Chief Financial Officer (Former)	-	46,250	35,582	133,750			
Chief Operating Officer (Former)	-	45,000	-	135,000			
Total	\$ 127,358	\$ 166,250	\$ 312,940	\$ 493,750			

Unsecured Financing from Directors and Shareholders and Related Companies

As at June 30, 2023, unsecured financing from directors and shareholders and related companies had a balance of \$5,025,000 with interest expense for the nine months then ended of \$275,700 (June 30, 2022 – \$1,900,000 with interest of \$10,917 for the nine months then ended). These loans bear interest at an annual rate of 6% with no specified dates for repayment.

Liquidity, Capital Resources, and Solvency

Income from operations or cash flows from operating activities is the primary source of liquidity measures to service debt and fund planned expenditures for maintenance and capital improvements on the investment properties. Net income is not used as a liquidity measure, as it includes non-cash fair value changes on investment properties.

ended June 30, 2023	ended June 30, 2022
\$ 10,034,454	\$ 10,062,973
\$ 7,458,070	\$ 8,014,561
	\$ 10,034,454

The Company continues to generate cash from operating activities to meet the requirements of ongoing property maintenance, including capital improvements, and to meet its debt financing requirements. The Company relies on the existing credit facilities and related party financing to assist with short-term borrowing needs including funding a portion of property acquisitions, and property expansions or major renovations. The Company has not breached any debt covenants and maintains a healthy relationship with its current lenders.

The Company primarily relies on its lenders to finance the majority cost of property acquisitions through conventional mortgage financing. Any further cash shortfalls are covered through related-party financing, bank operating facilities or current cashflows. The Company has been very successful to date with financing its acquisitions and does not foresee any long-term impediments to obtaining the required financing to continue growth and to satisfy short-term borrowing needs and obligations.

Investment properties unencumbered with debt are valued at \$23,038,518 at June 30, 2023 and \$23,138,518 at September 30, 2022. Overall, the ratio of debt to assets at June 30, 2023 is 50% (September 30, 2022 - 51%), providing possible leverage opportunities in the future.

The Company has no other contractual commitments to purchase or sell assets, other than as disclosed above, and as disclosed in Note 13 of the interim condensed consolidated financial statements.

Critical Estimates of the Current Economic Environment and Outlook

The economic environment in which Imperial operates could be adversely affected by market risks such as product and service supply shortages, utility price increases, and property tax increases. These risk factors have a direct impact on the Company's costs; however, they are mitigated through the Company's lease term structures which recover the majority of these costs from the respective tenants.

An additional risk is the tenants' exposure to these risks and their impact on their economic performance; however, the Company's strong tenant portfolio and continuous communication with its tenants helps the Company in managing and mitigating these risks.

Vacancies at June 30, 2023 remain unchanged from the fiscal year end of September 30, 2022 and are 23,267 ft². The Company continues to actively market current vacancies and remains optimistic in leasing prospects.

To date, the Company has been very successful with its financing requirements and diligently monitors risk factors when considering strategic plans.

Risks and Risk Management

Portfolio of Tenants and Lease Roll-Over Risk

One of the Company's internal performance drivers is to ensure the quality of its tenant base is strong. Most of the Company's tenants are large multi-national or national companies and are very likely to manage their operations sustainably during any economic turbulence. The Company has one large tenant occupying five properties in five different locations being Edmonton, Nisku, Red Deer, Fort McMurray, and Fort St. John in British Columbia. The revenue from this tenant now accounts for approximately 20% of Imperial's total revenue.

The Company continuously carries out risk assessment activities with all its tenants to assess potential exposure associated with the tenant's performance. This tenant has been assessed to have strong financial performance and this is reflected through all property performance and in all financial matters between the Company and the tenant.

Mix of Tenant Base	Multi- National	National	Regional Large	Regional Medium	Local Small	Totals
% of Occupied GLA	38%	41%	13%	1%	7%	100%
% of Annual Rental Revenue	44%	38%	13%	1%	4%	100%

The Company's annual rental revenue is the 12-month revenue stream from contracted rents, also called Minimum Rent or Basic Rent in the Company's leases, and excludes revenues from property taxes and insurance, operating expense recoveries, and month-to-month leases.

The Company's real estate portfolio is predominately comprised of large single-tenant industrial buildings that are leased to multi-national and national tenants.

Most tenants have been with the Company for many years and the Company conducts due diligence on all prospective tenants. Notwithstanding the size of each tenant, the Company's risks involve losing tenants due to unforeseen circumstances and poor economic conditions.

The risk of vacancy in any leased space is a risk to the Company's ability to continue to meet the mortgage obligations on the property, as well as carrying costs including property taxes, utilities, and insurance. If in an extreme case a property became vacant, the carrying costs and mortgage payments if any could be paid for with existing cash flows from operations. At June 30, 2023 Imperial's occupancy rate is 97.9%.

As with all the Company's past transactions, future opportunities will be evaluated through proper due diligence, assessment of industry conditions and geographical locations, and other external considerations.

Market Risks

Market values of the investment properties can decrease if the demand for industrial properties lease space decreases and rental rates are reduced, or capitalization rates increase. The Company's exposure to the market value of its real estate assets affects mortgages up for renewal. Properties with mortgages that are maturing in the next 12 months will be externally appraised for their current market value if the lender requires.

Factors that influence market values of investment properties are the income generated from the property, demand, vacancy rates, term of the current lease, the strength of the current tenant, age of the building and location. Imperial is not aware of any obstacles at this date that would negatively affect its ability to refinance its buildings as the mortgages come due.

The total fair value of the investment properties at June 30, 2023 is \$259,618,284 which includes \$23,038,518 of properties unencumbered with debt. The mortgages and bank operating facilities secured against specific properties total \$127,912,235 or 49% of the value of the Company's investment properties. Management believes the amount of debt against the properties is low enough to absorb any decline in values and support our ability to refinance.

Lease rates will likely adjust downward if the demand for comparable lease space decreases, which is expected in any economic downturn. As demand for lease space increases, so does the lease rate. Imperial is mindful of these risks, and Management believes that any further leases that are up for renewal in the next twelve months will likely be renewed at the same rates. Nonetheless, the Company will be responsive to economic conditions.

Interest rates on mortgages that are up for renewal are currently at the highest the Company has seen in a few years. The Company tries to mitigate the risk of rising interest rates by fixing rates for longer terms and by minimizing its exposure to floating-rate financing. All mortgages at June 30, 2023 have fixed terms and fixed rates except for one. Subsequent to period end, the floating rate mortgage was renewed at a fixed rate for a one-year term.

Environmental Risk

The Company is subject to various federal, provincial, and municipal laws relating to the environment and is increasingly responsible for accounting for its environmental impacts and those of its associated tenants, partners, and supply chain.

The Company is moving to ensure it can meet its accountability requirements as well as to set goals to ensure its environmental risks are managed, mitigated and its environmental footprint is reduced over time. The Company has set a goal of achieving Net Zero impact and in the coming months, will more directly determine a path and timeline to achieve this goal.

The Company manages its environmental impacts in three ways:

- 1) All new builds, or redevelopment of a property are assessed to ensure structures are designed to improve overall energy efficiency and to lower emissions..
- 2) All property purchases include commissioning of an environmental site assessment and increasingly rigorous assessment of environmental risks with the applicable financing body. The Company will reject potential investments if environmental factors are not manageable or will factor required mitigation into any purchase price. It will move to address or manage any remediation immediately upon purchase. The Company aims to ensure it has no sustaining environmental mitigation required at any of its properties.
- 3) Improving the energy efficiency of its assets is an ongoing endeavor. When the Company renovates an existing site, it looks for opportunities to upgrade existing systems, especially in older properties. Roof maintenance, upgraded windows, and installation of LED lighting is prioritized to improve the overall environmental footprint of an older building, to a level of a newer build. In addition, effective asset management improves the overall longevity of a property to extend the life, rather than investing in the demolition and reconstruction of assets. In addition, the Company is investigating opportunities to introduce new systems

The International Sustainability Standards Board (ISSB) issued the first two of its disclosure standards, IFRS S1 *General Requirements for Disclosure of Sustainability-related Financial Information*, and IFRS S2 *Climate-related disclosures* on June 26, 2023. These disclosures are not yet mandatory in Canada, and the Company will continue to monitor developments from the Canadian Securities Administrators (CSA), and the Canadian Sustainability Standards Board (CSSB).

The Company has chosen the Global Reporting Initiative (GRI) as a framework with which to begin to account for its environmental, social, and governance-related measures. The first report based on the GRI General Disclosures was the Annual Report for the year ended September 30, 2023. Starting in fiscal 2024, the Company will also report using the GRI's Construction and Real Estate Disclosures. If new requirements for reporting are mandated in Canada, the Company will assess its current reporting and ensure that it meets required disclosures.

Cybersecurity Risk

Cybersecurity has been identified as a risk to the Company, promoting regular reviews of security measures to take appropriate steps to reduce this risk. While the Company is aware it cannot protect against all types of attacks and human error, Management has an adequate defense against the most common ones. Policies to protect the Company's data from a breach include the following:

- limited access data; computer data is in locked offices with strictly limited access;
- strict username and password protection including frequently changing passwords which limits the access to Company information;
- only use trusted software to execute on the operating system;
- · regular updates of anti-virus software, web browsing and email security software, malware security software and firewalls;
- employee vigilance against suspicious emails and attachments;

- update to new operating systems as they are made available to reduce the risk of unintentional and intentional computer infection;
- automatic software updates to ensure software currency, and reduce the risks associated with out-of-date, vulnerable software; and
- use of physical external hard drives to backup the system daily.

The Company has not experienced any breach of its data to date, and it will continue to regularly use third-party IT consultants to provide advice on hardware and security options.

Planned Expenditures

There are opportunities to purchase other properties currently on the market. The Company continues to look at all opportunities and evaluate the best possible alternatives. Cash needed to fund an acquisition of property will be provided through cash flows from operations, available funds through current bank credit facilities, and securing long-term financing. Related-party financing is available to the Company, generally on a short-term basis.

The completion of ongoing property construction will be funded with cash, conventional mortgage, and the existing lines of credit if necessary.

Critical Accounting Estimates and Judgments and Changes in Accounting Policies

Future Accounting Standards

The Company has performed an assessment of new standards issued by the International Accounting Standards Board ("IASB") that are not yet effective. The Company does not expect the pronouncements to have a material impact on the Company's interim condensed consolidated financial statements.

Critical Judgments in Applying Accounting Policies

The following are the critical judgments, apart from those involving estimation uncertainty, in applying the Company's accounting policies and that have the most significant effect on the amounts in the interim condensed consolidated financial statements:

(i) Leases

The Company has commercial property leases on its investment property portfolio. The Company has determined, based on an evaluation of the terms and conditions of the arrangements, that it retains all the significant risks and rewards of ownership of these properties and so accounts for the contracts with tenants as operating leases. In applying this policy, the Company makes judgements for the point in time at which revenue recognition under the lease commences.

The Company applies judgment in assessing whether an arrangement is, or contains, a lease in which the Company is a lessee, and in determining the lease term by considering the probability of an option being exercised to extend the term. Judgement was applied in determining the incremental borrowing rate and discount rate applied to the lease liability and right-of-use asset.

(ii) Investment property

The Company's accounting policies relating to investment property are described in Note 2 (b) of the consolidated financial statements. In applying this policy, judgment is applied in determining whether certain costs are additions

to the carrying amount of the property to be capitalized and, for properties under development, identifying the point at which practical completion of the property occurs, and the directly attributable borrowing costs are included in the carrying value of the development property. Capitalization of expenses ceases to occur when the investment property is available for use. This judgement is applied when the property is substantially complete and is typically concurrent with occupancy. Judgment is also applied in determining the extent and frequency of independent appraisals.

In the normal course of operations, the Company acquires investment properties. At the time of the acquisition, the Company considers whether the acquisition represents the acquisition of a business or a group of assets and liabilities. All acquisitions of investment properties acquired to date by the Company have been determined to be asset acquisitions.

(iii) Income tax

The Company follows the asset/liability method for calculating deferred income taxes. Tax interpretations, regulations, and legislation in the various jurisdictions in which the Company operates are subject to change. As such, income taxes are subject to measurement uncertainty. Deferred income tax assets are assessed by Management at the end of the reporting year to determine the likelihood that they will be realized from future taxable earnings. Assessing the recoverability of deferred income tax assets requires the Company to make significant estimates related to the expectations of future cash flows from operations and the application of existing tax laws in each jurisdiction.

(iv) Classification of tenant incentives

Payments are sometimes made to, or on behalf of, tenants of our commercial properties when new leases are signed. When the payments add future value to the space independent of the lease in place, such costs are capitalized to the investment property. If the costs incurred are specific to the lessee, and do not have stand-alone value, these costs are treated as tenant incentives and amortized on a straight-line basis to revenue over the lease term in accordance with IFRS 16.

Critical Accounting Estimates and Assumptions

The Company makes estimates and assumptions that affect carrying amounts of assets and liabilities, disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities and the reported amount of earnings for the year. Actual results could differ from estimates. The estimates and assumptions that are critical to the determination of the amounts reported in the consolidated financial statements relate to the following:

Investment properties

The choice of the valuation method for fair valuing and the critical estimates and assumptions underlying the valuation of investment properties and investment properties under construction are set out in Note 3 in the consolidated financial statements for the year ended September 30, 2022.

Significant estimates used in determining the fair value of the investment properties include capitalization rates and normalized net operating income (which is influenced by the inflation rate, interest rates, vacancy rates, structural reserves, and standard costs) of the property, using property-specific capitalization rates.

Investment property under construction is also valued at fair value, unless such value cannot be reliably determined. In the exceptional case when a fair value cannot be reliably determined, such property is recorded at cost. The fair value of investment property under construction is determined using either the discounted cash flow method or the residual method.

The determination of the fair value of investment property requires the use of estimates such as future cash flows from assets and capitalization rates applicable to those assets. In addition, development risks (such as construction and leasing risks) are also taken into consideration when determining the fair value of investment property under construction. These estimates are based on local market conditions existing at the reporting date. In arriving at estimates of market values, Management used their market knowledge and professional judgement and did not rely solely on historical transaction comparables. In estimating the fair values of investment property in these circumstances, there is more uncertainty than which exists in a more active market. The critical estimates and assumptions underlying the valuation of investment properties and developments are set out in Note 3 to the interim condensed consolidated financial statements.

Income taxes

Uncertainties exist with respect to the interpretation of complex tax regulations and the amount and timing of future taxable income. Differences arising between the actual results and the assumptions made, or future changes to such assumptions, could necessitate future adjustments to taxable income and expense already recorded.

Disclosure Controls and Procedures

Risks Associated with Disclosure Controls and Procedures & Internal Control over Financial Reporting

The Company's major weakness in internal controls and procedures has always been the lack of segregation of duties in the accounting department. The potential impact of a material weakness in internal controls on the financial statements would be the possibility of a material misstatement going undetected. Management is responsible for the existence and effectiveness of systems, controls, and procedures to ensure that information used internally by Management and disclosed externally is reliable and timely. Management has initiated measures to mitigate such material weakness with the addition of new staff to segregate duties.

The Company is a Venture Issuer and is not required to certify the design and evaluation of the disclosure controls and procedures and internal control over financial reporting and has not completed such an evaluation. There are inherent limitations on the ability of the certifying officers to design and implement on a cost-effective basis DC&P and ICFR for the Company, and therefore there may be additional risks to the quality, reliability, transparency, and timeliness of and annual filings and other reports provided under securities legislation.

In addition to performing the accounting and reporting functions of the Company, the CFO also provides accounting functions to numerous other private companies owned and operated by the CEO. There is the potential for conflict of interest regarding related-party transactions. All related-party transactions are disclosed each quarter and the Audit Committee is provided with comparable figures for fees charged by other companies.

All proposed acquisitions are discussed at the Audit Committee stage. Once all internal conditions are met, an independent appraisal is ordered. Upon the successful closing of the transaction, acquisition fees charged by the asset manager, a related party, are disclosed to the Audit Committee. The Audit Committee provides oversight of financial statements and the MD&A released to the public on a quarterly basis.

The Company cannot guarantee that controls and procedures in place will prevent all errors or misstatements.

Off-Balance Sheet Arrangements

The Company has no off-balance sheet arrangements to report.

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

for the third quarter ending June 30, 2023

NOTICE OF NO AUDITOR REVIEW OF THE INTERIM CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The accompanying unaudited interim condensed consolidated financial statements of the Company have been prepared by and are the responsibility of the Company's management.

The Company's independent auditor has not performed a review of these financial statements in accordance with standards established by CPA (Chartered Professional Accountants) Canada for a review of interim financial statements by an entity's auditor.

INTERIM CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF FINANCIAL POSITION

		June 30,	September 30,
	Notes	2023	2022
		(Unaudited)	(Audited)
Assets			
Investment properties	3	\$ 259,618,285	\$253,596,382
Mortgage receivable	3	1,413,599	1,439,324
Right-of-use asset		400,107	512,639
Total non-current assets		261,431,991	255,548,345
Current portion of mortgage receivable	3	34,112	32,992
Receivables		254,281	434,538
Prepaid expenses and deposits	4	1,558,999	926,750
Cash		637,135	232,998
Total current assets		2,484,527	1,627,278
Total Assets		\$ 263,916,518	\$257,175,623
Liabilities			
Mortgages	5	\$ 76,559,695	\$ 89,072,503
Lease liability		288,648	409,195
Security deposits		780,876	763,276
Deferred taxes	9(b)	16,342,697	15,410,921
Total non-current liabilities		93,971,916	105,655,895
Current portion of mortgages	5	25,867,811	18,969,418
Current portion of lease liability		159,433	155,543
Other financing	16 (b)	5,025,000	3,000,000
Bank operating facilities	6	25,337,105	18,883,408
Payables and accruals	7	2,222,782	3,754,446
Income taxes payable		341,572	886,079
Total current liabilities		58,953,703	45,648,894
Total Liabilities		152,925,619	151,304,789
Equity			
Issued share capital		5,947,346	5,947,346
Retained earnings		105,043,553	99,923,488
Total equity		110,990,899	105,870,834
Takal Fasiks and Liebilities		¢ 262 046 542	¢257.475.622
Total Equity and Liabilities		\$ 263,916,518	\$257,175,623

Guarantees, contingencies, and commitments (Note 13)
Post-reporting date events (Note 17)

Approved on Behalf of the Board

Signed "Sine Chadi", Director Signed "Kevin Lynch", Director

See accompanying notes to the interim condensed consolidated financial statements.

INTERIM CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME (Unaudited)

		Three months ended		Nine months ended	
		June 30,	June 30,	June 30,	June 30,
	Notes	2023	2022	2023	2022
Rental revenue	12	\$ 5,195,639	\$ 4,758,558	\$ 14,510,940	\$ 14,295,093
Property operating expenses		(1,522,645)	(1,402,726)	(4,476,486)	(4,232,120)
Income from operations		3,672,994	3,355,832	10,034,454	10,062,973
·					
Finance costs	8	(1,246,291)	(1,116,258)	(3,682,423)	(3,213,771)
Administration expenses		(320,443)	(342,236)	(959,864)	(1,094,939)
Amortization of deferred leasing		(126,445)	(90,167)	(361,806)	(261,765)
Amortization of right-of-use asset		(37,510)	(37,510)	(112,530)	(112,530)
Valuation net gains from investment property	3	(354,077)	866,337	2,047,397	1,840,431
Income before income tax		1,588,228	2,635,998	6,965,228	7,220,399
Income tax expense	9 (a)	(299,001)	(337,528)	(1,278,088)	(1,014,988)
Net income and comprehensive income		\$ 1,289,227	\$ 2,298,470	\$ 5,687,140	\$ 6,205,411
Weighted average number of shares outstandi	ng				
- basic & diluted		9,451,242	9,451,242	9,451,242	9,451,242
Earnings per share basic and diluted		\$ 0.14	\$ 0.24	\$ 0.60	\$ 0.66

INTERIM CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN EQUITY (Unaudited)

	Number of		Retained	
	shares	Capital stock	earnings	Total
October 1, 2021	9,451,242	\$ 5,947,346	\$ 92,731,404	\$ 98,678,750
Dividends paid	-	-	(661,587)	(661,587)
Net income and comprehensive income	-	-	7,853,671	7,853,671
Balance September 30, 2022	9,451,242	5,947,346	99,923,488	105,870,834
Dividends paid	-	-	(567,075)	(567,075)
Net income and comprehensive income	-	-	5,687,140	5,687,140
Balance June 30, 2023	9,451,242	\$ 5,947,346	\$ 105,043,553	\$ 110,990,899

INTERIM CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS (Unaudited)

	Three months ended		Nine months ended	
	June 30,	June 30,	June 30,	June 30,
Notes	2023	2022	2023	2022
Operating activities				
Net income from operations	\$ 1,289,227	\$ 2,298,470	\$ 5,687,140	\$ 6,205,411
Finance costs	1,246,291	1,116,258	3,682,423	3,213,771
Items not affecting cash:				
Amortization of right-of-use asset	37,510	37,510	112,530	112,530
Amortization of tenant inducements	(5,332)	16,550	17,769	49,651
Amortization of deferred leasing commissions	126,447	90,167	361,808	261,765
Fair value changes on investment properties	354,077	(866,337)	(2,047,397)	(1,840,431)
Straight-line rental revenue	(214,817)	27,849	77,319	169,088
Deferred income taxes	180,531	177,909	931,776	361,252
Leasing commissions	-	-	(376,727)	(68,627)
Net change in operating working capital 10	(2,295,782)	(2,702,938)	(988,570)	(449,849)
Cash provided by operating activities	718,152	195,438	7,458,071	8,014,561
Investing activities				
Purchase of investment properties	-	(1,065)	-	(2,276,912)
Improvements and additions to investment properties	(1,211,138)	(1,619,612)	(4,254,675)	(2,143,142)
Proceeds from mortgage receivable	8,294	-	24,606	2,500,000
Change in payables and accruals for investing	(113,964)	1,167,334	(1,561,326)	958,731
Cash used in investing activities	(1,316,808)	(453,343)	(5,791,395)	(961,323)
Financing activities		, , ,	•	, , ,
Proceeds from new mortgages	-	2,500,000	-	20,500,000
Repayment of mortgages on maturity	-	-	-	(11,195,362)
Repayment of mortgages through principal instalments	(1,901,114)	(4,367,162)	(5,667,800)	(7,920,437)
Amortization of deferred finance fees	24,484	25,661	67,262	76,983
Fees associated with new or renewed mortgages	(5,228)	-	(13,877)	(80,343)
Advances from other financing	350,000	1,900,000	3,065,000	1,900,000
Repayment of other financing	-	-	(1,040,000)	(3,800,000)
Finance costs	(1,246,291)	(1,116,258)	(3,682,423)	(3,213,772)
Principal repayments on lease liability	(38,885)	(36,179)	(116,657)	(108,538)
Dividends paid	(189,025)	(189,025)	(567,075)	(472,562)
Net advances (repayment) from bank operating facilities	3,708,945	2,491,027	6,453,697	(1,042,600)
Change in accrued interest payable	86,442	(4,205)	239,334	(260,780)
Cash provided by (used in) financing activities	789,327	1,203,859	(1,262,539)	(5,617,411)
Increase in cash and cash equivalents	190,671	945,954	404,137	1,435,827
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of period	446,464	685,987	232,998	196,114
Cash and cash equivalents, end of period	\$ 637,135	\$ 1,631,941	\$ 637,135	\$ 1,631,941

NOTES TO THE INTERIM CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS Three and nine months ended June 30, 2023 (Unaudited)

1. Description of the Company

Imperial Equities Inc. ("the Company") was incorporated in Edmonton, Alberta, Canada. The registered and operating office of the Company is 2151, 10060 Jasper Avenue, Edmonton, Alberta T5J 3R8. The Company's operations consist of the acquisition, development, and redevelopment of industrial, agricultural, and commercial properties primarily in Edmonton, throughout Alberta and in British Columbia. All the operations of Imperial Equities Inc. are conducted in Canadian funds. The Company's common shares trade on the TSX Venture Exchange (TSXV) under the symbol "IEI". These interim condensed consolidated financial statements include the Company and its wholly owned subsidiaries, Imperial Equities Properties Ltd. ("IEPL"), Imperial One Limited, Imperial Two Limited, Imperial Three Limited, Imperial Four Limited, Imperial Five Limited, Imperial Six Limited, Imperial Seven Limited, and Imperial Eight Limited. All significant intercompany balances and transactions have been eliminated.

2. Basis of preparation

Statement of compliance

These interim condensed consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with International Financial Standards ("IAS") 34 – Interim Financial Reporting ("IAS 34"), as issued by the International Accounting Standards Board ("IASB"). Accordingly, certain information and note disclosures normally included in the annual financial statements have been omitted or condensed. These interim condensed consolidated financial statements have been prepared using the same accounting policies and methods as those used in the consolidated financial statements for the year ended September 30, 2022, and should be read in conjunction with the Company's annual September 30, 2022 consolidated financial statements which have been prepared in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRS") as issued by the IASB.

The Board of Directors authorized these interim condensed consolidated financial statements for issue on August 16, 2023.

Basis of measurement

The Company's interim condensed consolidated financial statements have been prepared on the historical cost basis, except for investment properties and certain financial instruments that are measured at fair value, as explained in the accounting policies of the Company's annual September 30, 2022 consolidated financial statements. These interim condensed consolidated financial statements are prepared on a going concern basis and have been presented in Canadian dollars which is the Company's functional currency.

Use of estimates judgments and assumptions

The preparation of these interim condensed consolidated financial statements requires management to make judgments, estimates, and assumptions that affect the application of accounting policies and the reported amounts of assets, liabilities, revenue, and expenses. The significant judgments made by management when applying the Company's accounting policies and the key sources of estimation uncertainty were the same as those that applied to the Company's annual September 30, 2022 consolidated financial statements.

Future accounting policies

The IASB has published several new, but not yet effective, standards, amendments to existing standards, and interpretations. None of these standards, amendments to existing standards, or interpretations have been early adopted by the Company, and management anticipates that all relevant pronouncements will be adopted for the first period beginning on or after the effective date of the pronouncement. No pronouncements have been disclosed as they are not expected to have a material impact on the Company's interim condensed consolidated financial statements.

NOTES TO THE INTERIM CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS Three and nine months ended June 30, 2023 (Unaudited)

3. Investment properties

	Inco	ome producing	الم	Properties under			Total investment		
		properties	ae	evelopment	development			properties	
Balance, October 1, 2021	\$	232,421,152	\$	120,751	\$	12,401,992	\$	244,943,895	
Additions:									
Property improvements and additions		119,692		5,085,518		-		5,205,210	
Capitalized property taxes and other		-		-		130,872		130,872	
Tenant inducements		217,639		-		-		217,639	
Leasing commissions		319,964		-		-		319,964	
Property acquisitions		2,285,534		-		-		2,285,534	
Property dispositions		(1,422,078)		-		-		(1,422,078)	
Amortization of tenant inducements		(66,201)		-		-		(66,201)	
Amortization of deferred leasing commissions		(352,258)		-		-		(352,258)	
Change in straight-line rental revenue		(174,164)		-		-		(174,164)	
Revaluation gains (losses), net		2,324,868		313,973		(130,872)		2,507,969	
Balance, September 30, 2022	\$	235,674,148	\$	5,520,242	\$	12,401,992	\$	253,596,382	
Reclassification of land held for development		(1,000,000)		-		1,000,000		-	
Additions:									
Property improvements and additions		1,951,695		1,867,641		-		3,819,336	
Capitalized property taxes and other		-		-		165,838		165,838	
Tenant inducements		269,501		-		-		269,501	
Leasing commissions		376,727		-		-		376,727	
Amortization of tenant inducements		(217,769)		-		-		(217,769)	
Amortization of deferred leasing commissions		(361,808)		-		-		(361,808)	
Change in straight-line rental revenue		(77,319)		-		-		(77,319)	
Revaluation gains (losses), net		771,889		1,541,303		(265,795)		2,047,397	
Balance, June 30, 2023	\$	237,387,064	\$	8,929,186	\$	13,302,035	\$	259,618,285	

NOTES TO THE INTERIM CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS Three and nine months ended June 30, 2023 (Unaudited)

3. Investment properties (cont'd)

The key assumptions for the valuation of the investment properties are set out below.

	June 30, 2023	September 30, 2022
Income producing property		
Range of capitalization rates applied to investment properties	4.50% - 8.50%	4.50% - 8.50%
Fair values of properties where capitalization rates were applied	\$ 242,405,540	\$ 230,757,797
Weighted average capitalization rates	6.42%	6.38%
Fair value impact of increasing average capitalization rate by 0.25%	\$ (9,071,981)	\$ (8,700,399)
Fair value impact of a 1% decrease in net operating income	\$ (2,410,090)	\$ (2,310,365)
Land held for development		
Average price per acre of land	\$ 202,930	\$ 152,274
Number of acres held	65.55	64.55
Total fair value	\$ 13,302,035	\$ 10,152,036
Impact of a 10% decrease in the price per acre	\$ (1,330,204)	\$ (1,015,204)
Land under lease agreements with tenants		
Number of acres leased	7.90	8.90
Average price per acre	\$ 495,027	\$ 804,574
Total fair values of leased land	\$ 3,910,710	\$ 7,160,710
Impact of a 10% decrease in average price per acre	\$ (391,071)	\$ (716,071)

Included in the carrying amount of investment properties are the following:

	Ju	ne 30, 2023	September 30, 2022
Straight-line rent receivable	\$	1,885,754	\$ 1,963,074
Tenant inducements		652,102	600,370
Leasing commissions		1,888,127	1,873,206
	\$	4,425,983	\$ 4,436,650

All the above are amortized over the terms of the respective leases.

Mortgage receivable

In the prior year the Company completed the sale of an investment property for total sale proceeds of \$1,675,000 and agreed to a Vendor Take Back (VTB) mortgage in the amount of \$1,475,000. The VTB bears interest at an annual rate of 4.5% with monthly blended payments of principal and interest of \$8,164. The mortgage maturity date is July 31, 2024. The VTB can be prepaid in whole or in part without penalty. The balance outstanding on the VTB at June 30, 2023, was \$1,447,711 (September 30, 2022 - \$1,472,316).

NOTES TO THE INTERIM CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS Three and nine months ended June 30, 2023 (Unaudited)

4. Prepaid expenses and deposits

	June 30, 2023	ember 30, 2022	
Prepaid operating expenses	\$ 1,531,980	\$	899,731
Security deposits with municipalities	27,019		27,019
Total	\$ 1,558,999	\$	926,750

Prepaid operating expenses include insurance and property taxes.

5. Mortgages

Maturity	Rate	June 30, 2023	Septe	mber 30, 2022
July 1, 2023	P + .95	\$ 1,471,862	\$	1,595,085
October 1, 2023	3.950%	44,698		143,163
October 1, 2023	4.090%	4,731,804		5,004,237
November 1, 2023	4.330%	3,265,066		3,448,623
December 1, 2023	4.648%	3,919,302		4,133,419
January 1, 2024	4.300%	1,731,218		1,874,009
January 1, 2024	4.300%	1,373,982		1,487,309
April 1, 2024	2.110%	3,613,339		3,796,429
August 1, 2024	3.300%	8,048,945		8,491,306
November 1, 2024	3.555%	7,172,311		7,550,033
* December 1, 2024	6.073%	2,862,781		3,034,362
* December 1, 2024	6.073%	2,600,996		2,756,884
* February 1, 2025	5.720%	1,575,613		1,671,265
February 1, 2025	3.420%	4,099,631		4,311,765
February 1, 2025	3.310%	4,273,552		4,589,983
April 1, 2025	2.310%	4,328,696		4,565,410
* April 1, 2025	5.290%	3,116,593		3,269,384
August 1, 2025	2.837%	3,367,982		3,540,220
April 1, 2026	2.675%	2,238,033		2,404,956
July 1, 2026	2.710%	5,272,036		5,522,655
July 1, 2026	2.710%	10,074,949		10,553,887
October 1, 2026	2.940%	8,637,897		9,031,037
November 1, 2026	2.930%	10,052,172		10,506,586
June 11, 2029	3.480%	4,701,672		4,960,923
Total mortgages		\$ 102,575,130	\$	108,242,930
Less: current portion of principal paymer	nts	(25,867,811)		(18,969,418)
Less: balance of unamortized finance fee	?S	(147,624)		(201,009)
		\$ 76,559,695	\$	89,072,503
Weighted average rate		 3.41%		3.23%

^{*}Mortgages that were renewed during the nine-months ended June 30, 2023.

NOTES TO THE INTERIM CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS Three and nine months ended June 30, 2023 (Unaudited)

5. Mortgages (cont'd)

All mortgages are repayable in blended monthly payments of interest and principal. The security pledged for each mortgage is limited to the related investment property. All mortgages have a fixed rate with the exception of one mortgage with a variable rate, which has an outstanding balance of \$1,471,862 at June 30, 2023.

6. Bank operating facilities

	June 30, 2023	Septe	mber 30, 2022
Bank operating facilities	\$ 25,337,105	\$	18,883,408

The Company has two credit facilities set out as follows:

1) One operating Line of Credit (LOC) with a limit of \$15,500,000 (September 30, 2022 - a limit of \$13,500,000).

This LOC is used to assist with property acquisitions and general operations and has a balance at June 30, 2023, of \$15,500,000 (September 30, 2022 - \$13,047,268). The credit facility has a fixed rate fixed term ("FRFT") component to a maximum of \$8,000,000, which bears interest at 3.36% per annum with a three-year term ending February 1, 2024. The balance of the FRFT component at June 30, 2023 is \$7,717,316 (September 30, 2022 - \$7,875,620. The remaining balance of the facility is revolving, and bears interest at prime plus 1% per annum. The LOC is secured by specific revenue-producing properties with combined fair values of \$38,261,979 (September 30, 2022-\$36,469,039).

On November 8, 2022, the Company entered into an amending agreement which increased the operating line from \$15,000,000 to \$15,500,000 while maintaining the \$8,000,000 FRFT component, and with the remaining balance as an interest only revolver. The lender may, on demand, require immediate payment of all amounts outstanding or accrued in connection with the facility as a whole.

Specific covenants of this credit facility require a minimum of 90% occupancy of the secured buildings. Should a secured property fall below the Minimum Occupancy level, a 6-month grace period will commence subject to a reduced Loan to Value Test of 50%, and the existing Debt Service Test. As at June 30, 2023, and September 30, 2022, the Company was in compliance with all covenants.

2) A second operating LOC with a limit of \$10,000,000 (September 30, 2022 – a limit of \$6,000,000).

The balance on the credit facility at June 30, 2023, is \$9,837,105 (September 30, 2022 - \$5,836,140). This credit facility bears interest at prime plus 0.95% per annum and is secured by specific revenue-producing properties with combined fair values at June 30, 2023, of \$32,290,662 (September 30, 2022 - \$32,052,336).

On March 24, 2023, the Company entered into an agreement to receive a \$2,000,000 temporary increase in the operating line of credit, creating a new limit of \$8,000,000. On June 22, 2023, an additional temporary increase of \$2,000,000 was approved increasing the credit limit to \$10,000,000. The temporary agreements include a general security agreement covering a first position on all present and after acquired property and were extended to July 17, 2023 and subsequent to period end, were further extended to August 17, 2023. At the expiration date of the extension, the security agreement will be discharged and the limit on the LOC limit will revert to \$6,000,000. The \$4,000,000 in temporary increases are required to be repaid from mortgage proceeds to be received on a new mortgage which is expected to be finalized in Q4 2023.

There are no specific covenants or margin formulas for this line of credit.

NOTES TO THE INTERIM CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS Three and nine months ended June 30, 2023 (Unaudited)

7. Payables and accruals

	June 30, 2023	Sep	tember 30, 2022
Trade payables	\$ 1,081,582	\$	2,712,226
Accrued loan interest	565,678		326,345
Other	575,522		715,875
Total	\$ 2,222,782	\$	3,754,446

Trade payables include construction costs for property under development. Other payables include prepaid rents and payroll accruals.

8. Finance costs

	Three months ended				Nine months ended															
		June 30, 2023 June 30, 2022 June 30, 2023					June 30, 2022 June 30, 2023 June 30, 2													
Interest on mortgages	\$	891,749	\$	879,220	\$	2,577,408	\$	2,671,397												
Interest on bank operating facilities		267,470		201,751		866,660		440,745												
Interest on other unsecured financing		72,642		805		204,357		5,048												
Interest on lease obligations		6,114		8,821		18,343		26,462												
Amortization of deferred financing fees		24,484		25,661		67,262		76,983												
Interest income	(16,168)			-		-		-		-		-		-		- 58)		(51,607)		(6,864)
Total	\$	1,246,291	\$	1,116,258	\$	3,682,423	\$	3,213,771												

9. Income taxes

a) Provision for income taxes

Components of income tax expense (recovery)

	Three months ended					Nine months ended					
		June 30, 2023 June 30, 2022				ıne 30, 2023	Ju	une 30, 2022			
Current tax expense	\$	113,732 \$		159,619	\$	341,574	\$	653,736			
Prior period adjustments		4,738		-		4,738		-			
Deferred tax expense		180,531		177,909		931,776		361,252			
	\$	299,001	\$	\$ 337,528		1,278,088	\$	1,014,988			

b) Deferred taxes

Deferred tax assets are attributable to the following:

	Ju	ne 30, 2023	Septen	nber 30, 2022
Lease liability	\$	103,059	\$	129,890
Capital losses		-		2,889
Total deferred tax assets		103,059		132,779
Offset of deferred tax liabilities		(103,059)		(132,779)
Net deferred tax assets	\$	-	\$	-

NOTES TO THE INTERIM CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS Three and nine months ended June 30, 2023 (Unaudited)

9. Income taxes (cont'd)

Deferred tax liabilities are attributable to the following:

	June 30, 2023	Septe	mber 30, 2022		
Straight-line rent receivable	\$ 433,724	\$	451,507		
Investment properties	15,471,886		14,512,133		
Finance fees	3,192		13,551		
Deferred leasing	434,269		430,835		
Right-of-use-asset	92,025		117,907		
Capital gain reserve	10,660		17,767		
Total deferred tax liabilities	16,445,756		15,543,700		
Offset of deferred tax assets	(103,059)	(132,779)			
Net deferred tax liabilities	\$ 16,342,697	\$	15,410,921		

Deferred tax assets with a balance of \$30,273,649 (September 30, 2022 - \$30,273,649) related to investments in certain subsidiaries were not recognized because it is not probable that the temporary difference will reverse in the foreseeable future and that taxable profit will be available against which the temporary difference can be utilized.

10. Supplemental consolidated cash flow information

	Three months ended				Nine months ended			
		June 30, 2023		June 30, 2022	June 30, 2023		Jur	ne 30, 2022
Change in:								
Receivables	\$	(37,638)	\$	(124,447)	\$	180,257	\$	135,420
Prepaid expenses and deposits		(1,492,645)		(1,974,974)		(632,249)		(1,134,551)
Security deposits		(22,260)		12,700		17,600		14,669
Payables and accruals		656,192		(461,551)		(9,671)		490,576
Income taxes payable		(1,399,431)		(154,666)	(544,507)			44,037
Net change in operating working capital	\$	(2,295,782)	\$	(2,702,938)	\$	(988,570)	\$	(449,849)
Interest paid	\$	882,706	\$	876,142	\$	3,409,093	\$	2,832,821
Income taxes paid	\$	452,000	\$	581,214	\$	703,042	\$	685,760

A non-cash transaction was recorded in the statement of cash flows for the reversal of a previously accrued tenant inducement of \$175,000 net of accrued amortization of \$25,000, and reversal of related accounts payable balance of \$200,000.

11. Segmented information

In the prior year, the Company reassessed the existence of operating segments as it has determined that its growth strategy will be assessed on its investment properties as whole as opposed to the industry that each investment property operates in. The Company concluded there is one operating segment and the statements for June 30, 2022, have not been restated as the prior period disclosure includes the comparatives figures within the consolidated amounts disclosed.

NOTES TO THE INTERIM CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS Three and nine months ended June 30, 2023 (Unaudited)

12. Rental revenue

The Company leases its commercial properties under operating leases with current terms ranging between 1 and 16 years. Some leases have options to extend for further five-year terms and several leases are month to month.

a) Rental revenue

	Three months ended					Nine months ended				
		June 30, 2023		June 30, 2022		June 30, 2023		June 20, 2022		
Rental revenue, contractual amount	\$	3,769,773	\$	3,595,660	\$	11,020,423	\$	11,206,077		
Property tax and insurance recoveries		902,307		714,684		2,357,943		2,146,691		
Operating expense recoveries		280,793		492,612		1,180,044		1,161,064		
Amortization of tenant inducements		(19,669)		(16,550)		(17,770)		(49,651)		
Straight-line rental revenue		214,816		(27,848)		(77,319)		(169,088)		
Other		47,619		-		47,619				
Total	\$	5,195,639	\$	4,758,558	\$	14,510,940	\$	14,295,093		

Future contracted minimum rent receivable from non-cancellable tenant operating leases is as follows:

	J	une 30, 2023	June 30, 2022
One year	\$	14,460,642	\$ 8,224,558
Two to five years		43,693,777	44,617,869
Over five years		40,164,454	27,089,331
	\$	98,318,873	\$ 79,931,758

Month-to-month tenant lease revenue is not included in the above figures. The future contracted minimum rent receivable could be negatively impacted by a tenant having financial difficulties and being unable to meet their rent obligations. The future rent receivable assumes all tenants will honor the financial obligations of their leases, to the terms of their leases, with no defaults or variations in the contracted amounts.

13. Guarantees, contingencies, and commitments

- a) In the normal course of operations, the Company and its subsidiaries may execute agreements that provide for indemnification and guarantees to third parties, such as engagement letters with advisors and consultants, and service agreements. The Company has also agreed to indemnify its directors and certain of its officers and employees in accordance with the Company's bylaws. Certain agreements may not contain any limits on the Company's liability and, therefore, it is not possible to estimate the Company's potential liability under these indemnities, and as such, no provision has been included in these financial statements. Further, the Company maintains insurance policies that may provide coverage against certain claims under these indemnities.
- b) The Company maintains insurance on its properties. The all-risk property insurance includes replacement cost and rental value coverage (including coverage for the perils of flood and earthquake).
- c) The Company has contracts in place with related parties to provide property management and asset management. Both contracts have been in place since 1999 and have been renewed on an annual basis with no changes to the terms. Further information can be found in the Related Party Transactions in Note 16.

NOTES TO THE INTERIM CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS Three and nine months ended June 30, 2023 (Unaudited)

13. Guarantees, contingencies, and commitments (cont'd)

d) During the prior year, the Company entered into a construction contract to build an additional 33,200 ft² of industrial space adjacent to one of its investment properties in Fort McMurray, Alberta. The total budgeted price is \$8,600,000. At June 30, 2023, construction is approximately 91% completed.

14. Capital risk management

The Company defines capital as the aggregate of its equity and interest-bearing debt. The Company's objectives when managing capital are to ensure that the Company will continue as a going concern so that it can sustain daily operations and provide adequate returns to its shareholders. The Company is subject to risks associated with debt financing, including the possibility that existing mortgages may not be refinanced, or may not be refinanced on as favorable terms or with interest rates as favorable as those of the existing debt. The Company mitigates these risks by its continued efforts to stagger the maturity profile of its long-term debt, enhance the value of its real estate properties, and maintain high occupancy levels. The Company manages its capital structure and adjusts it in the light of changes in economic conditions and the risk characteristics of the underlying assets. Capital of the Company consists of the following:

	June 30, 2023	September 30, 202				
Mortgages	\$ 102,427,506	\$	108,041,921			
Lease liability	448,081		564,738			
Bank operating facilities	25,337,105		18,883,408			
Other financing	5,025,000		3,000,000			
Total debt financing	133,237,692		130,490,067			
Equity	110,990,899		105,870,834			
Total capital	\$ 244,228,591	\$	236,360,901			

15. Financial instruments

	June 30, 2023	September 30, 2022
Financial assets		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 637,135	\$ 232,998
Receivables	254,281	434,538
Mortgage receivable	1,447,711	1,472,316
	2,339,127	2,139,852
Financial liabilities		
Bank operating facilities	\$ 25,337,105	\$ 18,883,408
Payables and accruals	2,222,782	3,754,446
Other financing	5,025,000	3,000,000
Lease liability	448,081	564,738
Security deposits	780,876	763,276
Mortgages	102,427,506	108,041,921
	\$ 136,241,350	\$ 135,007,789

NOTES TO THE INTERIM CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS Three and nine months ended June 30, 2023 (Unaudited)

15. Financial instruments (cont'd)

The carrying value of cash and cash equivalents, receivables, mortgage receivable, bank operating facilities, other financing, payables and accruals, and security deposits approximate their fair value because of the near-term maturity of those instruments. The fair value of mortgages payable is a level 2 measurement and is based on discounted future cash flows using rates that reflect observable current market rates for similar investments with similar terms and conditions. The estimated fair value of mortgages payable at June 30, 2023, is \$96,809,504 (September 30, 2022 - \$100,675,995). These estimates are subjective as current interest rates are selected from a range of potentially acceptable rates and accordingly, other fair value estimates are possible. The interest rate used for this calculation is 6.49% (September 30, 2022 – 6.40%).

The Company's activities expose it to risks arising from financial instruments including credit risk, interest rate risk, and liquidity risk. Management reviews these risks on an ongoing basis to ensure that the risks are appropriately managed.

Credit risk

The Company is exposed to credit risk equivalent to the balance of its tenant receivables of \$254,281 at June 30, 2023 (September 30, 2022 - \$434,538), and cash and cash equivalents of \$637,135 (September 30, 2022 - \$232,998). Credit risk on tenant receivables arises from the possibility that tenants may experience financial difficulty and be unable to fulfill their lease commitments. The Company mitigates the risk of credit loss with a policy of credit assessment for all new lessees and by limiting its exposure to any one tenant. For tenant accounts receivable, the Company applies the general approach to recognize expected credit losses ("ECL") in the next twelve months. Management uses historical credit losses adjusted for current and forward-looking information which may affect the ability of the customers to settle receivables. Historically the Company has had limited credit losses as most tenants have been able to meet their financial obligations. At June 30, 2023, there is no loss provision for tenant receivables (September 30, 2022 - \$nil).

Accounts receivable are written off when there is no reasonable expectation of recovery. During the current period, there were no write downs (September 30, 2022 – \$nil).

Credit risk associated with cash and cash equivalents is mitigated through the Company holding cash and cash equivalents with reputable financial institutions.

Interest rate risk

The Company's exposure to interest rate risk relates to its short-term floating interest rates on bank operating facilities. The required cash flow to service the debt will fluctuate because of the changing prime interest rate. The balance on the bank operating facilities that are not at a fixed rate and fixed term at June 30, 2023, is \$17,619,789 (September 30, 2022 - \$11,007,788). Under the assumption any balance of the debt is outstanding for a further one year; a 1% increase in the prime rate would have a negative impact on the future annual earnings of the Company of \$176,197 (September 30, 2022 - \$110,078). The Company minimizes its exposure to interest rate risk to the extent that all mortgages except one have fixed rates with terms of 2-5 years.

Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Company may not have cash available to satisfy financial liabilities as they become due. The Company's objective related to liquidity risk is to effectively manage cash flows to minimize the exposure that the Company will not be able to meet its obligations associated with financial liabilities. The Company actively monitors its financing obligations and cash and cash equivalents to ensure that it has enough available funds to meet current and expected future financial requirements at a reasonable cost.

NOTES TO THE INTERIM CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS Three and nine months ended June 30, 2023 (Unaudited)

15. Financial instruments (cont'd)

Management manages its liquidity risk with the use of the lines of credit available to the Company as well as short term financing from related parties and private parties. Management estimates that cash flows from operating activities will provide enough cash requirements to cover normal operating and budgeted expenditures.

During the nine months ended June 30, 2023, there were four mortgages which matured and were renewed with the same lenders. There are an additional eight mortgages which mature in the next twelve months.

Contractual obligations at March 31, 2023

	1 year	2-3 years	4-5 years	>5 years	Total
Gross mortgage payments	\$ 29,143,790	\$ 48,388,336	\$ 28,616,329	\$ 2,880,565	\$ 109,029,020
Payables and accruals	2,222,782	-	-	-	2,222,782
Gross lease liability payments	180,000	285,000	-	-	465,000
Security deposits	22,259	60,530	117,731	602,615	803,135
	31,568,831	48,733,866	28,734,060	3,483,180	112,519,937
Operating facilities	25,337,105	-	-	-	25,337,105
	\$ 56,905,936	\$ 48,733,866	\$ 28,734,060	\$ 3,483,180	\$ 137,857,042

16. Related party transactions

The following are the related party transactions of the Company.

a) Management agreements

Sable Realty & Management Ltd. provides property management services to Imperial Equities Inc. The company is controlled by the President and CEO of the Company, Sine Chadi. North American Realty Corp. is also controlled by Mr. Chadi and provides asset management services to the Company.

Refer to the September 30, 2022, audited consolidated financial statements for the property management, maintenance, and project fee structures. Payments for the periods ending June 30, 2023, are as follows:

	T	hree mon	ths er	nded	Nine months ended				
	June	30, 2023	June	30, 2022	June 30,	2023	Jun	e 30, 2022	
Property management and maintenance fees	\$	362,325	\$	212,879	\$ 1,03	0,172	\$	952,846	
Acquisition fees		-		-		-		22,500	
Leasing fees		-		5,988	9	1,975		68,627	
Total payments	\$	362,325	\$	218,867	\$ 1,12	2,147	\$	1,043,973	

NOTES TO THE INTERIM CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS Three and nine months ended June 30, 2023 (Unaudited)

16. Related party transactions (cont'd)

- b) Other related party transactions
 - i) Payments made to (received from) Sable Realty & Management Ltd.

		Three	mon	ths ended	Nine months ended				
	June	e 30, 2023	Jun	e 30, 2022	June	30, 2023	June	e 30, 2022	
Leased office space and parking	\$	45,000	\$	45,000	\$	135,000	\$	135,000	
Fees for accounting/consulting services		-		-		-		1,800	
Rent at Sable Centre		(23,731)		(23,729)		(71,192)		(71,190)	
Net payments for the period	\$	21,269	\$	21,271	\$	63,808	\$	65,610	

Amount payable at June 30, 2023 - \$nil

- ii) Directors are paid a fee for attending directors' meetings. The fees are measured at the exchange amount established and agreed to by the related parties. These transactions occurred in the normal course of operations. Total fees paid for the nine months ending June 30, 2023, were \$37,500 (nine months ending June 30, 2022 \$27,500).
- iii) Key management personnel are those persons having authority and responsibility for planning, directing, and controlling the activities of the entity, directly or indirectly, including any director (whether executive or otherwise) of that entity. The Company's key management personnel include President and CEO, Sine Chadi, who is also a director of the Company, the Vice-President of Corporate Services, Ajay Juneja, the interim Chief Financial Officer, Meghan DeRoo McConnan and the former Chief Operating Officer, Patricia Misutka, and Chief Financial Officer, Azza Osman.

	Three months ended					Nine months ended				
	June 30, 2023		June 30, 2022		June 30, 2023		June	30, 2022		
President and Chief Executive Officer	\$	75,000	\$	75,000	\$	225,000	\$	225,000		
Vice President of Corporate Services		32,933		-		32,933		-		
Chief Financial Officer (interim)		19,425		-		19,425		-		
Chief Financial Officer (Former)		-		46,250		35,582		133,750		
Chief Operating Officer (Former)		-		45,000		-		135,000		
Total	\$	127,358	\$	166,250	\$	312,940	\$	493,750		

iv) Other financing, unsecured

	Balance						
Related Parties	Oct	October 1, 2022		Advances	s Repayment		June 30, 2023
Jamel Chadi, Shareholder ¹	\$	1,200,000	\$	1,350,000	\$	(350,000)	\$ 2,200,000
Sine Chadi, Shareholder ¹	\$	750,000		1,050,000		(200,000)	\$ 1,600,000
NAMC ²	\$	350,000		665,000		(490,000)	\$ 525,000
Diane Buchanan, Shareholder ¹	\$	700,000		-		-	\$ 700,000
Total	\$	3,000,000	\$	3,065,000	\$	(1,040,000)	\$ 5,025,000

NOTES TO THE INTERIM CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS Three and nine months ended June 30, 2023 (Unaudited)

16. Related party transactions (cont'd)

- 1) Loans received from shareholders bear interest at an annual rate of 6%. Total interest expense during the three months ended June 30, 2023, was \$65,973, and \$255,532 for the nine-months ended June 30, 2023 (2022 \$806 and \$10,917).
- 2) Loans from North American Mortgage Corp. ("NAMC"), a company controlled by the President and CEO of the Company, bears interest at 6% per annum. Total interest expense for the three and nine-months ended June 30, 2023, was \$6,671 and \$20,168 respectively (2022 \$nil).

All related party financing is unsecured with no specified dates of repayment and are due on demand.

17. Post-reporting date events

Subsequent to period end, the Company renewed the mortgage that matured on July 1, 2023, for a term of one year, bearing interest at a fixed rate of 6.91% and with monthly principal and interest payments of \$22,084.

Subsequent to period end, the Company declared a quarterly dividend of \$0.02 per share totalling \$189,025 which was paid on August 3, 2023, to shareholders of record effective July 21, 2023.

Subsequent to period end, the Company entered into a second mortgage on the property under development (Note 3). The gross proceeds of the mortgage are \$7,200,000, and the mortgage bears interest at a fixed rate to be calculated based on the bank's cost of funds at the date of funding plus 0.6%, with monthly blended principal and interest payments. The mortgage has a term of two years, with an amortization period of 15 years and is secured by specific property with an approximate fair value of \$26,942,000 at June 30, 2023. Of the gross proceeds, \$4,000,000 is required to be used to repay the temporary increases on the bank operating facility as disclosed in Note 6. The mortgage will be funded when the final occupancy certificate is received on the property under development, which is substantially completed at the financial statement date.



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